

Quiz 4: Modern Physics**Date: 5 May 2018****Useful Formulae**

$$h = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ Js}$$

$$m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$

$$k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ JK}^{-1}$$

$$1\text{eV} = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$c = 3 \times 10^8 \text{ ms}^{-1}$$

$$a_0 = 5.29 \times 10^{-11} \text{ m}$$

1. In the state $n = 3$, $\ell = 0$, at what distance from the nucleus, is their maximum probability of locating the electron in the Hydrogen atom? The radial wave function is

$$R_{10}(r) = 2\sqrt{\frac{1}{a_0^3}} \left(e^{-r/a_0} \right)$$

(5 marks)

2. Free electrons in a metal behave like a quantum gas. At what minimum temperature, would these electrons behave like a classical gas? The density of electrons is 1 per atom and atoms are roughly 0.3 nm apart. (6 **marks**)

3. In a liquid sample certain nuclei acts like spin $-\frac{1}{2}$ particles. They are modeled by two-state quantum levels (qubits). The energy separation between these levels is $1 \mu\text{eV}$ at a field of 1 Tesla. At what temperature, would 75% of the lower state and 25% of the upper state will be occupied? (5 marks)

4. ZnTe laser has a band gap of about 2.2 eV. What wavelength is this laser expected to produce? (3 **marks**)

5. Diamond is barely transparent at a *UV* wavelength of 250 nm. What is its approximate band gap? How can we predict transparency or opaqueness based on band gaps? (4 **marks**)