Introduction to Quantum Information Science and Quantum Technologies

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"I am batman." - Batman

Question 1

Alice and Bob need to engage in a BB84 style of QKD protocol. They use the Z and X basis randomly. Eve, living up to her name, eavesdrops on their communication using the F basis, whose eigenvectors are:

$$\begin{split} |0_F\rangle &= \cos\frac{\pi}{8} \left| 0 \right\rangle + \sin\frac{\pi}{8} \left| 1 \right\rangle, \\ |1_F\rangle &= \sin\frac{\pi}{8} \left| 0 \right\rangle - \cos\frac{\pi}{8} \left| 1 \right\rangle. \end{split}$$

The rules Alice and Bob use to label their bits are:

Basis	States	Bits
Z	$ 0\rangle$	0
	$ 1\rangle$	1
Х	$ +\rangle$	0
	$ -\rangle$	1

- (a) Suppose we consider **only** when Alice and Bob use the same measurement basis. If Eve uses her F basis, what is the probability that when she intercepts and sends the qubit, Alice's intended qubit is faithfully transmitted to Bob?
- (b) What is the probability that Eve measures the exact bit as sent by Alice?

Question 2

A devilishly simple RSA system has N = 247 and e = 5.

- (a) Choose some three decimal digit plain text ${\cal P}$ and calculate the cipher text C.
- (b) Show that d = 173.
- (c) Use the private key to recover P from C.

Question 3

Calculate the Diffie-Hellman key for p = 17 and g = 3.

Question 4

Find the primitive roots modular 13. How many are they?

Question 5

(a) Argue why the Euler ϕ function for pq takes the form

$$\phi(pq) = (p-1)(q-1),$$

where p and q are primes.

(b) Why is
$$\phi(p^2) = p(p-1)$$